

A New Joint Confidence Region for a Ranking

Tommy Wright

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Disclaimer: Any views expressed are those of the speaker and not the U.S. Census Bureau.

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Measure and show UNCERTAINTY in ESTIMATED Ranking.

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BASIC DATA: *“mean travel time to work in 2011”* ($K = 9$ States)

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$\bar{y}_k \sim N(\bar{Y}_k, SE_k)$ with \bar{Y}_k unknown & standard error SE_k known by estimation.

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MD

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RANK |
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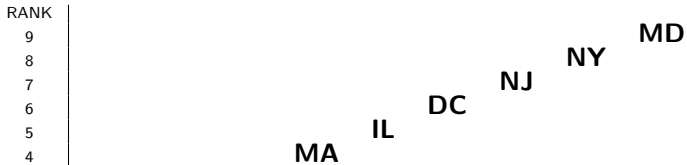
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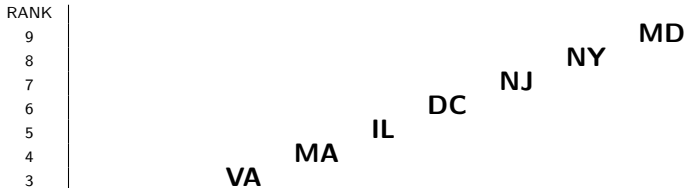
RANK |
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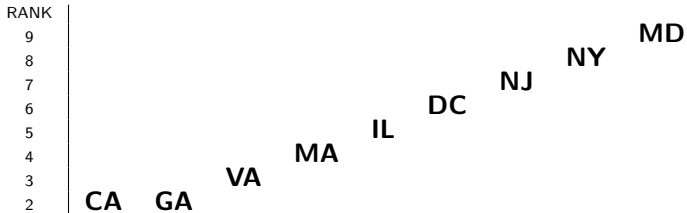
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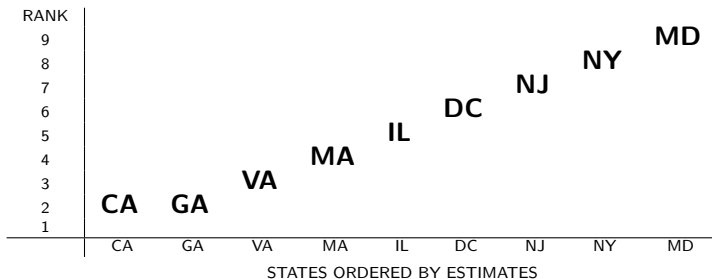
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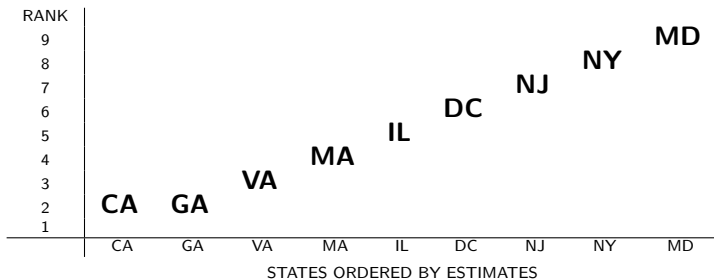
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ESTIMATED Ranking based on probability sampling & has *Uncertainty*.

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Lower estimates get Lower estimated ranks.

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where $\gamma = 1 - (1 - \alpha)^{1/9}$

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$$\left(31.5 - (2.523)(0.1), 31.5 + (2.523)(0.1) \right) = (31.2, 31.8).$$

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Table 1a: Computing Details for $K = 9$ INDI 90% Joint Confidence Intervals for \bar{Y}_k

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9	Maryland (MD)	32.2	0.1	(31.9, 32.5)
8	New York (NY)	31.5	0.1	(31.2, 31.8)
7	New Jersey (NJ)	30.5	0.1	(30.2, 30.8)
6	District of Columbia (DC)	30.1	0.3	(29.3, 30.9)
5	Illinois (IL)	28.2	0.1	(27.9, 28.5)
4	Massachusetts (MA)	28.0	0.1	(27.7, 28.3)
3	Virginia (VA)	27.7	0.1	(27.4, 28.0)
2	Georgia (GA)	27.1	0.2	(26.6, 27.6)
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Table 1b: State k Details for $r_k \in \{|\Lambda_{Lk}| + 1, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 2, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 3, \dots, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + |\Lambda_{Ok}| + 1\}$

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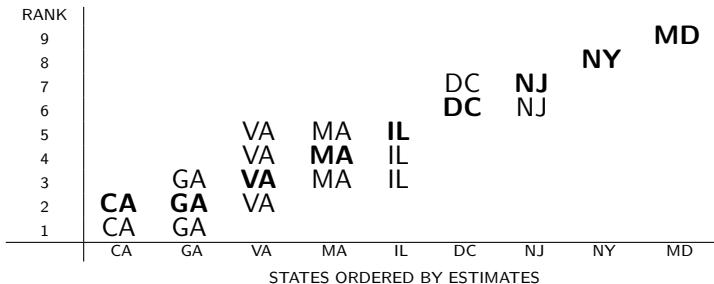
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5-IL	{GA, CA}	{MA, VA}	{3, 4, 5}
4-MA	{GA, CA}	{IL, VA}	{3, 4, 5}
3-VA	{CA}	{IL, MA, GA}	{2, 3, 4, 5}
2-GA	\emptyset	{VA, CA}	{1, 2, 3}
2-CA	\emptyset	{GA}	{1, 2}

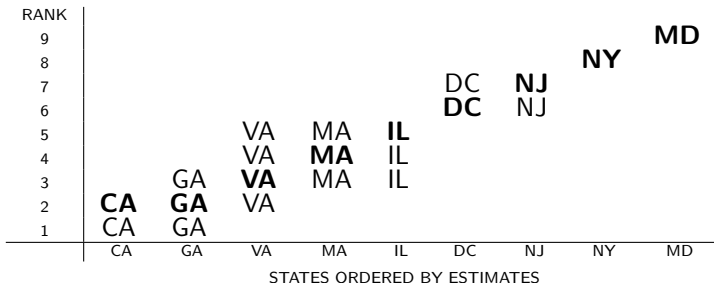
INDI 90% JOINT CONFIDENCE REGION FOR TRUE RANKING...

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... is a collection of possible TRUE Rankings.



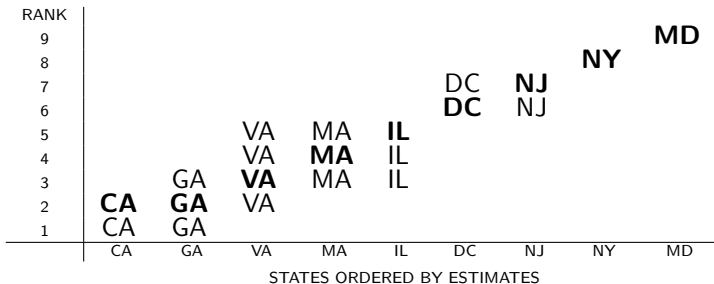
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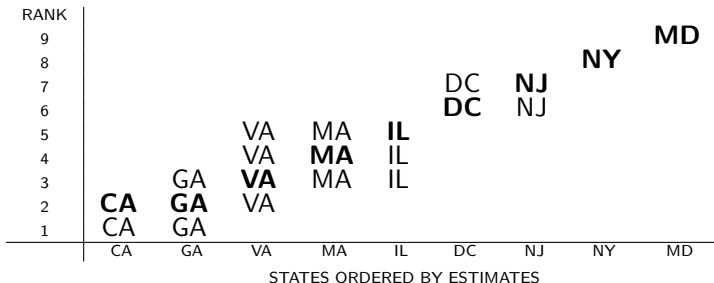


The 90% joint confidence region:

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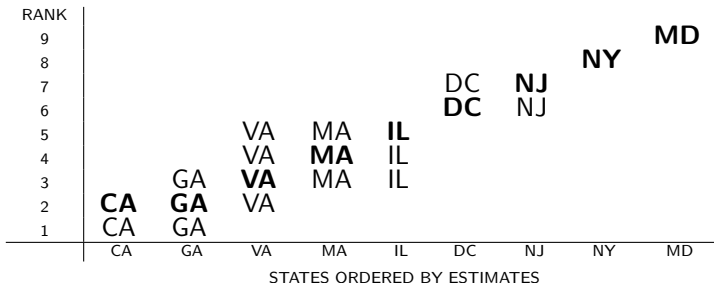


The 90% joint confidence region:

- measures uncertainty in ESTIMATED Ranking.
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INDI 90% JOINT CONFIDENCE REGION FOR TRUE RANKING...

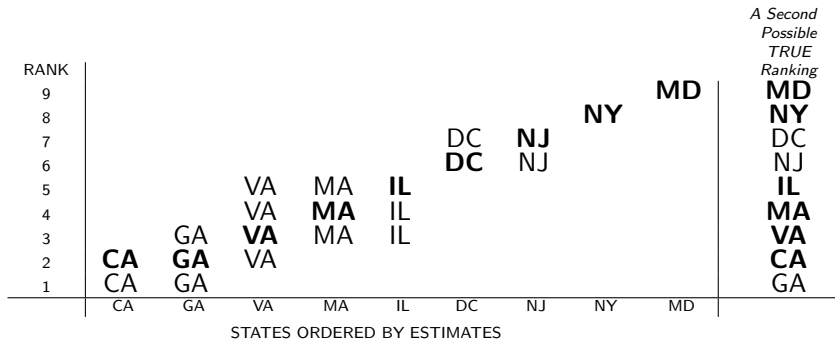
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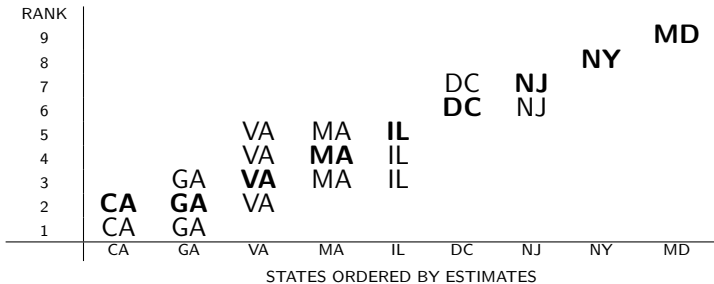


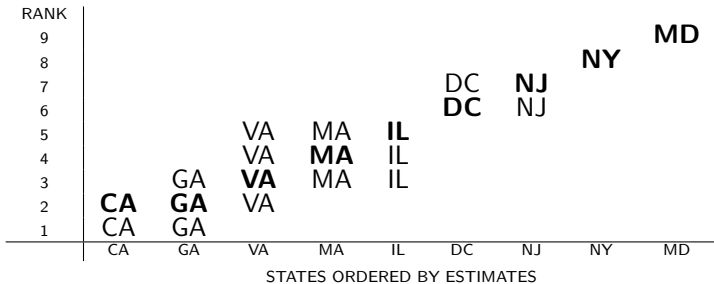
The 90% joint confidence region:

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- contains ESTIMATED Ranking (**bold**), possibly TRUE Ranking.

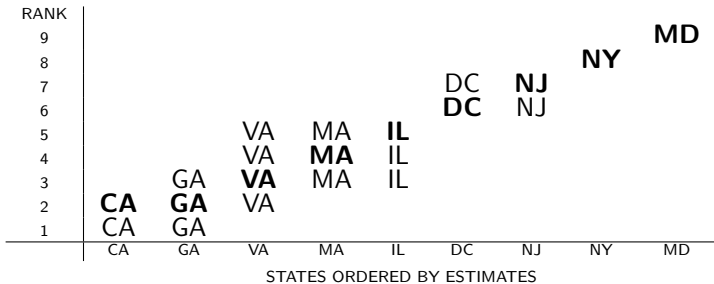
Another possible TRUE Ranking is shown in last column.



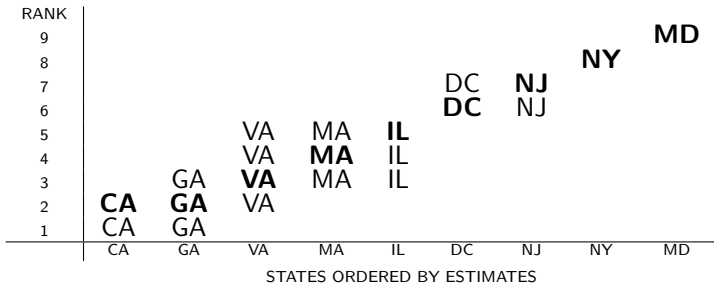




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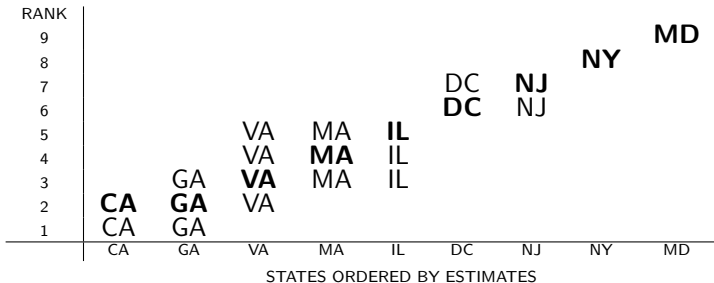


90% joint confidence region reveals four things:



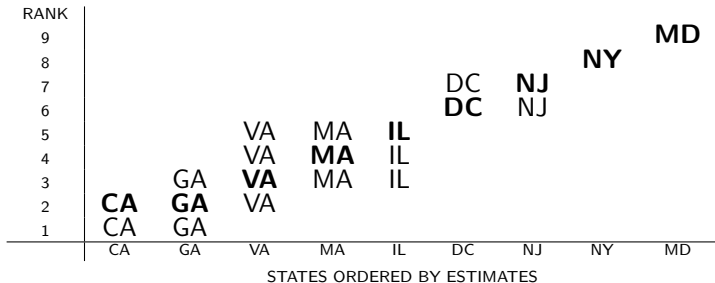
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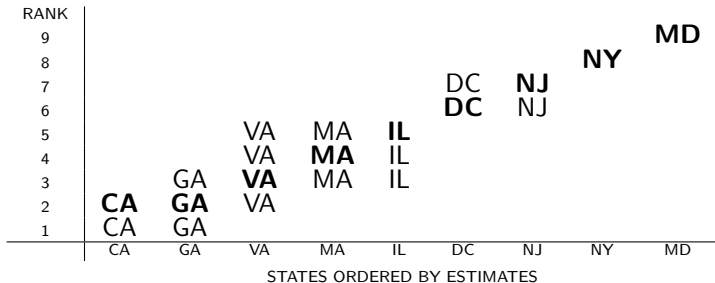
90% joint confidence region reveals four things:

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90% joint confidence region reveals four things:

- uncertainty in ESTIMATED Ranking;
- other possible TRUE Rankings beyond ESTIMATED Ranking;
- MA's TRUE Rank could range from 3 to 5;
- rank 4 could be given to VA, MA, or IL.

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Call adjustment from α to γ^* a Bonferroni Correction.

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$$\left((30.5 - 30.1) - (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.3]^2}, (30.5 - 30.1) + (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.3]^2} \right)$$

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Thus, Bonferroni corrected joint confidence interval
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$$\begin{aligned} & \left((30.5 - 30.1) - (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.3]^2}, (30.5 - 30.1) + (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.3]^2} \right) \\ & = (-0.55, 1.35); \end{aligned}$$

For $\alpha = 0.10$ and $K = 9$,

$$\gamma^* = \frac{\alpha}{\binom{K}{2}} = \frac{0.10}{[9(8)]/2} = 0.002777 \text{ and } z_{\frac{\gamma^*}{2}} = 2.991316.$$

Thus, Bonferroni corrected joint confidence interval for $\bar{Y}_{New\ Jersey} - \bar{Y}_{District\ of\ Columbia}$ is

$$\begin{aligned} & \left((30.5 - 30.1) - (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.3]^2}, (30.5 - 30.1) + (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.3]^2} \right) \\ & = (-0.55, 1.35); \end{aligned}$$

and for $\bar{Y}_{Virginia} - \bar{Y}_{California}$, we have

For $\alpha = 0.10$ and $K = 9$,

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Thus, Bonferroni corrected joint confidence interval for $\bar{Y}_{New\text{Jersey}} - \bar{Y}_{District\text{ofColumbia}}$ is

$$\begin{aligned} & \left((30.5 - 30.1) - (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.3]^2}, (30.5 - 30.1) + (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.3]^2} \right) \\ & = (-0.55, 1.35); \end{aligned}$$

and for $\bar{Y}_{Virginia} - \bar{Y}_{California}$, we have

$$\left((27.7 - 27.1) - (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.1]^2}, (27.2 - 27.1) + (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.1]^2} \right)$$

For $\alpha = 0.10$ and $K = 9$,

$$\gamma^* = \frac{\alpha}{\binom{K}{2}} = \frac{0.10}{[9(8)]/2} = 0.002777 \text{ and } z_{\frac{\gamma^*}{2}} = 2.991316.$$

Thus, Bonferroni corrected joint confidence interval for $\bar{Y}_{New\text{Jersey}} - \bar{Y}_{District\text{ofColumbia}}$ is

$$\begin{aligned} & \left((30.5 - 30.1) - (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.3]^2}, (30.5 - 30.1) + (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.3]^2} \right) \\ & = (-0.55, 1.35); \end{aligned}$$

and for $\bar{Y}_{Virginia} - \bar{Y}_{California}$, we have

$$\begin{aligned} & \left((27.7 - 27.1) - (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.1]^2}, (27.2 - 27.1) + (2.991316)\sqrt{[0.1]^2 + [0.1]^2} \right) \\ & = (0.18, 1.02). \end{aligned}$$

For each k where $k = 1, 2, \dots, K$, let

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$$A_{Lk} = \left\{ k' \mid \text{interval for } \bar{Y}_k - \bar{Y}_{k'} \text{ lies } \mathbf{left} \text{ of the number } 0 \right\}.$$

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$$A_{Rk} = \left\{ k' \mid \text{interval for } \bar{Y}_k - \bar{Y}_{k'} \text{ lies } \mathbf{right} \text{ of the number } 0 \right\}.$$

Table 2a: Computing Details for $\binom{9}{2}$ DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Intervals $\bar{Y}_k - \bar{Y}_{k'}$

Table 2a: Computing Details for $\binom{9}{2}$ DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Intervals $\bar{Y}_k - \bar{Y}_{k'}$

<i>k</i>	<i>CA</i>	<i>GA</i>	<i>VA</i>	<i>MA</i>	<i>IL</i>	<i>DC</i>	<i>NJ</i>	<i>NY</i>
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<i>k</i>	<i>CA</i>	<i>GA</i>	<i>VA</i>	<i>MA</i>	<i>IL</i>	<i>DC</i>	<i>NJ</i>	<i>NY</i>
<i>MD</i>	(4.68, 5.52)	(4.43, 5.77)	(4.08, 4.92)	(3.78, 4.62)	(3.58, 4.42)	(1.15, 3.05)	(1.28, 2.12)	(0.28, 1.12)
<i>NY</i>	(3.98, 4.82)	(3.73, 5.07)	(3.38, 4.22)	(3.08, 3.92)	(2.88, 3.72)	(0.45, 2.35)	(0.58, 1.42)	

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IL	(0.68, 1.52)	(0.43, 1.77)	(0.08, 0.92)	(- .22, 0.62)				
MA	(0.48, 1.32)	(0.23, 1.57)	(- .12, 0.72)					
VA	(0.18, 1.02)	(- .07, 1.27)						
GA	(- .67, 0.67)							
<i>k'</i>								

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<i>k</i>	CA	GA	VA	MA	IL	DC	NJ	NY
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Table 2b: State *k* Additional Detailed DIFF Computations for $r_k \in \{|A_{Rk}| + 1, |A_{Rk}| + 2, |A_{Rk}| + 3, \dots, |A_{Rk}| + |A_{Ok}| + 1\}$

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<i>k</i>	CA	GA	VA	MA	IL	DC	NJ	NY
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<i>k</i>	A_{Rk}	A_{Ok}	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for True Ranking
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Table 2a: Computing Details for $\binom{9}{2}$ DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Intervals $\bar{Y}_k - \bar{Y}_{k'}$

<i>k</i>	CA	GA	VA	MA	IL	DC	NJ	NY
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<i>k</i>	A_{Rk}	A_{Ok}	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for True Ranking
MD	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ, NY}	∅	{9}
NY	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ}	∅	{8}

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<i>k</i>	CA	GA	VA	MA	IL	DC	NJ	NY
MD	(4.68, 5.52)	(4.43, 5.77)	(4.08, 4.92)	(3.78, 4.62)	(3.58, 4.42)	(1.15, 3.05)	(1.28, 2.12)	(0.28, 1.12)
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<i>k</i>	A_{Rk}	A_{Ok}	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for True Ranking
MD	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ, NY}	∅	{9}
NY	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ}	∅	{8}
NJ			

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<i>k</i>	A_{Rk}	A_{Ok}	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for True Ranking
MD	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ, NY}	∅	{9}
NY	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ}	∅	{8}
NJ	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}		

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<i>k</i>	A_{Rk}	A_{Ok}	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for True Ranking
MD	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ, NY}	\emptyset	{9}
NY	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ}	\emptyset	{8}
NJ	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	{DC}	

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MD	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ, NY}	\emptyset	{9}
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NJ	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	{DC}	{6, 7}

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<i>k</i>	A_{Rk}	A_{Ok}	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for True Ranking
MD	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ, NY}	∅	{9}
NY	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ}	∅	{8}
NJ	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	{DC}	{6, 7}
DC			

Table 2a: Computing Details for $\binom{9}{2}$ DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Intervals $\bar{Y}_k - \bar{Y}_{k'}$

<i>k</i>	CA	GA	VA	MA	IL	DC	NJ	NY
MD	(4.68, 5.52)	(4.43, 5.77)	(4.08, 4.92)	(3.78, 4.62)	(3.58, 4.42)	(1.15, 3.05)	(1.28, 2.12)	(0.28, 1.12)
NY	(3.98, 4.82)	(3.73, 5.07)	(3.38, 4.22)	(3.08, 3.92)	(2.88, 3.72)	(0.45, 2.35)	(0.58, 1.42)	
NJ	(2.98, 3.82)	(2.73, 4.07)	(2.38, 3.22)	(2.08, 2.92)	(1.88, 2.72)	(- .55, 1.35)		
DC	(2.05, 3.95)	(1.92, 4.08)	(1.45, 3.35)	(1.15, 3.05)	(0.95, 2.85)			
IL	(0.68, 1.52)	(0.43, 1.77)	(0.08, 0.92)	(- .22, 0.62)				
MA	(0.48, 1.32)	(0.23, 1.57)	(- .12, 0.72)					
VA	(0.18, 1.02)	(- .07, 1.27)						
GA	(- .67, 0.67)							
<i>k'</i>								

Table 2b: State *k* Additional Detailed DIFF Computations for $r_k \in \{|A_{Rk}| + 1, |A_{Rk}| + 2, |A_{Rk}| + 3, \dots, |A_{Rk}| + |A_{Ok}| + 1\}$

<i>k</i>	A_{Rk}	A_{Ok}	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for True Ranking
MD	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ, NY}	∅	{9}
NY	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ}	∅	{8}
NJ	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	{DC}	{6, 7}
DC	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}		

Table 2a: Computing Details for $\binom{9}{2}$ DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Intervals $\bar{Y}_k - \bar{Y}_{k'}$

<i>k</i>	CA	GA	VA	MA	IL	DC	NJ	NY
MD	(4.68, 5.52)	(4.43, 5.77)	(4.08, 4.92)	(3.78, 4.62)	(3.58, 4.42)	(1.15, 3.05)	(1.28, 2.12)	(0.28, 1.12)
NY	(3.98, 4.82)	(3.73, 5.07)	(3.38, 4.22)	(3.08, 3.92)	(2.88, 3.72)	(0.45, 2.35)	(0.58, 1.42)	
NJ	(2.98, 3.82)	(2.73, 4.07)	(2.38, 3.22)	(2.08, 2.92)	(1.88, 2.72)	(- .55, 1.35)		
DC	(2.05, 3.95)	(1.92, 4.08)	(1.45, 3.35)	(1.15, 3.05)	(0.95, 2.85)			
IL	(0.68, 1.52)	(0.43, 1.77)	(0.08, 0.92)	(- .22, 0.62)				
MA	(0.48, 1.32)	(0.23, 1.57)	(- .12, 0.72)					
VA	(0.18, 1.02)	(- .07, 1.27)						
GA	(- .67, 0.67)							
<i>k'</i>								

Table 2b: State *k* Additional Detailed DIFF Computations for $r_k \in \{|A_{Rk}| + 1, |A_{Rk}| + 2, |A_{Rk}| + 3, \dots, |A_{Rk}| + |A_{Ok}| + 1\}$

<i>k</i>	A_{Rk}	A_{Ok}	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for True Ranking
MD	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ, NY}	∅	{9}
NY	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ}	∅	{8}
NJ	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	{DC}	{6, 7}
DC	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	∅	

Table 2a: Computing Details for $\binom{9}{2}$ DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Intervals $\bar{Y}_k - \bar{Y}_{k'}$

<i>k</i>	CA	GA	VA	MA	IL	DC	NJ	NY
MD	(4.68, 5.52)	(4.43, 5.77)	(4.08, 4.92)	(3.78, 4.62)	(3.58, 4.42)	(1.15, 3.05)	(1.28, 2.12)	(0.28, 1.12)
NY	(3.98, 4.82)	(3.73, 5.07)	(3.38, 4.22)	(3.08, 3.92)	(2.88, 3.72)	(0.45, 2.35)	(0.58, 1.42)	
NJ	(2.98, 3.82)	(2.73, 4.07)	(2.38, 3.22)	(2.08, 2.92)	(1.88, 2.72)	(- .55, 1.35)		
DC	(2.05, 3.95)	(1.92, 4.08)	(1.45, 3.35)	(1.15, 3.05)	(0.95, 2.85)			
IL	(0.68, 1.52)	(0.43, 1.77)	(0.08, 0.92)	(- .22, 0.62)				
MA	(0.48, 1.32)	(0.23, 1.57)	(- .12, 0.72)					
VA	(0.18, 1.02)	(- .07, 1.27)						
GA	(- .67, 0.67)							
<i>k'</i>								

Table 2b: State *k* Additional Detailed DIFF Computations for
 $r_k \in \{|A_{Rk}| + 1, |A_{Rk}| + 2, |A_{Rk}| + 3, \dots, |A_{Rk}| + |A_{Ok}| + 1\}$

<i>k</i>	A_{Rk}	A_{Ok}	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for True Ranking
MD	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ, NY}	∅	{9}
NY	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ}	∅	{8}
NJ	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	{DC}	{6, 7}
DC	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	∅	{6}

Table 2a: Computing Details for $\binom{9}{2}$ DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Intervals $\bar{Y}_k - \bar{Y}_{k'}$

<i>k</i>	CA	GA	VA	MA	IL	DC	NJ	NY
MD	(4.68, 5.52)	(4.43, 5.77)	(4.08, 4.92)	(3.78, 4.62)	(3.58, 4.42)	(1.15, 3.05)	(1.28, 2.12)	(0.28, 1.12)
NY	(3.98, 4.82)	(3.73, 5.07)	(3.38, 4.22)	(3.08, 3.92)	(2.88, 3.72)	(0.45, 2.35)	(0.58, 1.42)	
NJ	(2.98, 3.82)	(2.73, 4.07)	(2.38, 3.22)	(2.08, 2.92)	(1.88, 2.72)	(- .55, 1.35)		
DC	(2.05, 3.95)	(1.92, 4.08)	(1.45, 3.35)	(1.15, 3.05)	(0.95, 2.85)			
IL	(0.68, 1.52)	(0.43, 1.77)	(0.08, 0.92)	(- .22, 0.62)				
MA	(0.48, 1.32)	(0.23, 1.57)	(- .12, 0.72)					
VA	(0.18, 1.02)	(- .07, 1.27)						
GA	(- .67, 0.67)							
<i>k'</i>								

Table 2b: State *k* Additional Detailed DIFF Computations for $r_k \in \{|A_{Rk}| + 1, |A_{Rk}| + 2, |A_{Rk}| + 3, \dots, |A_{Rk}| + |A_{Ok}| + 1\}$

<i>k</i>	A_{Rk}	A_{Ok}	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for True Ranking
MD	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ, NY}	\emptyset	{9}
NY	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ}	\emptyset	{8}
NJ	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	{DC}	{6, 7}
DC	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	\emptyset	{6}
IL	{CA, GA, VA}	{MA}	{4, 5}
MA	{CA, GA}	{VA}	{3, 4}
VA	{CA}	{GA}	{2, 3}
GA	\emptyset	{CA}	{1, 2}

Table 2a: Computing Details for $\binom{9}{2}$ DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Intervals $\bar{Y}_k - \bar{Y}_{k'}$

<i>k</i>	CA	GA	VA	MA	IL	DC	NJ	NY
MD	(4.68, 5.52)	(4.43, 5.77)	(4.08, 4.92)	(3.78, 4.62)	(3.58, 4.42)	(1.15, 3.05)	(1.28, 2.12)	(0.28, 1.12)
NY	(3.98, 4.82)	(3.73, 5.07)	(3.38, 4.22)	(3.08, 3.92)	(2.88, 3.72)	(0.45, 2.35)	(0.58, 1.42)	
NJ	(2.98, 3.82)	(2.73, 4.07)	(2.38, 3.22)	(2.08, 2.92)	(1.88, 2.72)	(- .55, 1.35)		
DC	(2.05, 3.95)	(1.92, 4.08)	(1.45, 3.35)	(1.15, 3.05)	(0.95, 2.85)			
IL	(0.68, 1.52)	(0.43, 1.77)	(0.08, 0.92)	(- .22, 0.62)				
MA	(0.48, 1.32)	(0.23, 1.57)	(- .12, 0.72)					
VA	(0.18, 1.02)	(- .07, 1.27)						
GA	(- .67, 0.67)							
<i>k'</i>								

Table 2b: State *k* Additional Detailed DIFF Computations for $r_k \in \{|A_{Rk}| + 1, |A_{Rk}| + 2, |A_{Rk}| + 3, \dots, |A_{Rk}| + |A_{Ok}| + 1\}$

<i>k</i>	A_{Rk}	A_{Ok}	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for True Ranking
MD	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ, NY}	∅	{9}
NY	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ}	∅	{8}
NJ	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	{DC}	{6, 7}
DC	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	∅	{6}
IL	{CA, GA, VA}	{MA}	{4, 5}
MA	{CA, GA}	{VA}	{3, 4}
VA	{CA}	{GA}	{2, 3}
GA	∅	{CA}	{1, 2}
CA	∅	∅	{1}

Table 2a: Computing Details for $\binom{9}{2}$ DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Intervals $\bar{Y}_k - \bar{Y}_{k'}$

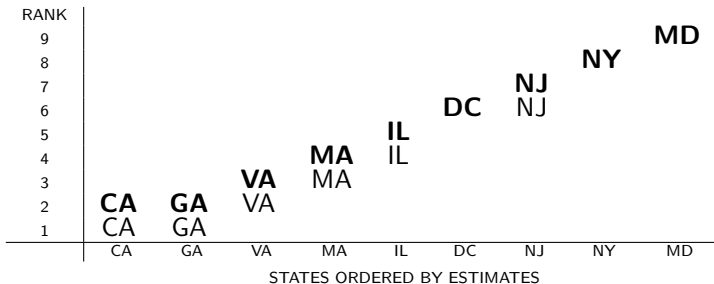
<i>k</i>	CA	GA	VA	MA	IL	DC	NJ	NY
MD	(4.68, 5.52)	(4.43, 5.77)	(4.08, 4.92)	(3.78, 4.62)	(3.58, 4.42)	(1.15, 3.05)	(1.28, 2.12)	(0.28, 1.12)
NY	(3.98, 4.82)	(3.73, 5.07)	(3.38, 4.22)	(3.08, 3.92)	(2.88, 3.72)	(0.45, 2.35)	(0.58, 1.42)	
NJ	(2.98, 3.82)	(2.73, 4.07)	(2.38, 3.22)	(2.08, 2.92)	(1.88, 2.72)	(- .55, 1.35)		
DC	(2.05, 3.95)	(1.92, 4.08)	(1.45, 3.35)	(1.15, 3.05)	(0.95, 2.85)			
IL	(0.68, 1.52)	(0.43, 1.77)	(0.08, 0.92)	(- .22, 0.62)				
MA	(0.48, 1.32)	(0.23, 1.57)	(- .12, 0.72)					
VA	(0.18, 1.02)	(- .07, 1.27)						
GA	(- .67, 0.67)							
<i>k'</i>								

Table 2b: State *k* Additional Detailed DIFF Computations for $r_k \in \{|A_{Rk}| + 1, |A_{Rk}| + 2, |A_{Rk}| + 3, \dots, |A_{Rk}| + |A_{Ok}| + 1\}$

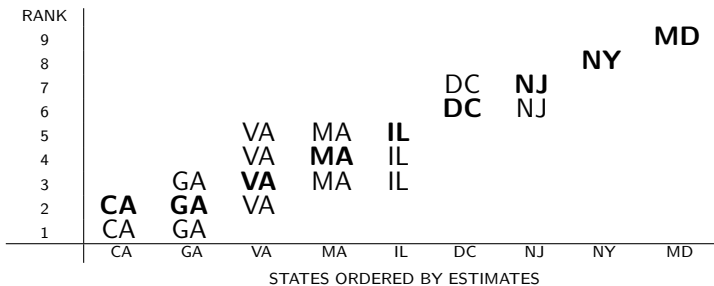
<i>k</i>	A_{Rk}	A_{Ok}	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for True Ranking
MD	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ, NY}	∅	{9}
NY	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL, DC, NJ}	∅	{8}
NJ	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	{DC}	{6, 7}
DC	{CA, GA, VA, MA, IL}	∅	{6}
IL	{CA, GA, VA}	{MA}	{4, 5}
MA	{CA, GA}	{VA}	{3, 4}
VA	{CA}	{GA}	{2, 3}
GA	∅	{CA}	{1, 2}
CA	∅	∅	{1} → {1, 2}

DIFF 90% JOINT CONFIDENCE REGION FOR TRUE RANKING...

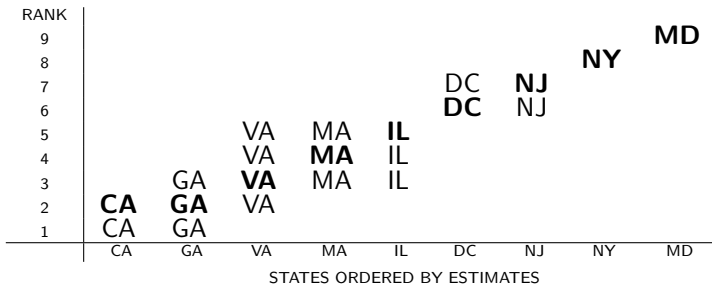
... is a collection of possible TRUE Rankings.



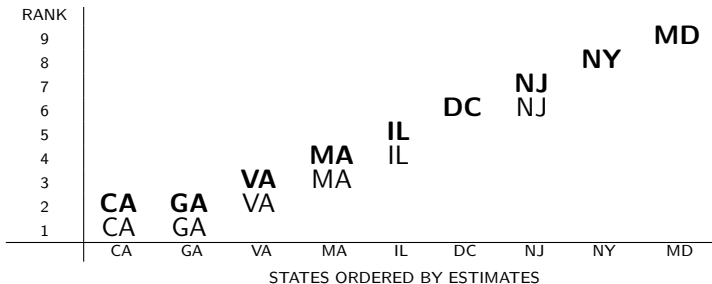
INDI 90% JOINT CONFIDENCE REGION FOR TRUE RANKING...



INDI 90% JOINT CONFIDENCE REGION FOR TRUE RANKING...



DIFF 90% JOINT CONFIDENCE REGION FOR TRUE RANKING...



INDI: $r_k \in \{|\Lambda_{Lk}| + 1, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 2, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 3, \dots, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + |\Lambda_{Ok}| + 1\}$

INDI: $r_k \in \{|\Lambda_{Lk}| + 1, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 2, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 3, \dots, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + |\Lambda_{Ok}| + 1\}$

DIFF: $r_k \in \{|A_{Rk}| + 1, |A_{Rk}| + 2, |A_{Rk}| + 3, \dots, |A_{Rk}| + |A_{Ok}| + 1\}$

INDI: $r_k \in \{|\Lambda_{Lk}| + 1, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 2, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 3, \dots, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + |\Lambda_{Ok}| + 1\}$

DIFF: $r_k \in \{|A_{Rk}| + 1, |A_{Rk}| + 2, |A_{Rk}| + 3, \dots, |A_{Rk}| + |A_{Ok}| + 1\}$

	INDI	DIFF	INDI 90% Joint Confidence Region for Ranking	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for Ranking
\hat{r}_k k	Λ_{Ok}	A_{Ok}		

INDI: $r_k \in \{|\Lambda_{Lk}| + 1, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 2, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 3, \dots, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + |\Lambda_{Ok}| + 1\}$

DIFF: $r_k \in \{|A_{Rk}| + 1, |A_{Rk}| + 2, |A_{Rk}| + 3, \dots, |A_{Rk}| + |A_{Ok}| + 1\}$

\hat{r}_k	k	INDI Λ_{Ok}	DIFF A_{Ok}	INDI 90% Joint Confidence Region for Ranking	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for Ranking
9	MD	\emptyset	\emptyset	{9}	{9}
8	NY	\emptyset	\emptyset	{8}	{8}
7	NJ	{DC}	{DC}	{6, 7}	{6, 7}
6	DC	{NJ}	\emptyset	{6, 7}	{6}
5	IL	{MA, VA}	{MA}	{3, 4, 5}	{4, 5}
4	MA	{IL, VA}	{VA}	{3, 4, 5}	{3, 4}
3	VA	{IL, MA, GA}	{GA}	{2, 3, 4, 5}	{2, 3}
2	GA	{VA, CA}	{CA}	{1, 2, 3}	{1, 2}
2	CA	{GA}	\emptyset	{1, 2}	{1, 2}* *Note: The asterisk in the original image likely indicates a specific condition or note for this entry.

$$\text{INDI: } r_k \in \{|\Lambda_{Lk}| + 1, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 2, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 3, \dots, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + |\Lambda_{Ok}| + 1\}$$

$$\text{DIFF: } r_k \in \{|A_{Rk}| + 1, |A_{Rk}| + 2, |A_{Rk}| + 3, \dots, |A_{Rk}| + |A_{Ok}| + 1\}$$

\hat{r}_k	k	INDI Λ_{Ok}	DIFF A_{Ok}	INDI 90% Joint Confidence Region for Ranking	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for Ranking
9	MD	\emptyset	\emptyset	{9}	{9}
8	NY	\emptyset	\emptyset	{8}	{8}
7	NJ	{DC}	{DC}	{6, 7}	{6, 7}
6	DC	{NJ}	\emptyset	{6, 7}	{6}
5	IL	{MA, VA}	{MA}	{3, 4, 5}	{4, 5}
4	MA	{IL, VA}	{VA}	{3, 4, 5}	{3, 4}
3	VA	{IL, MA, GA}	{GA}	{2, 3, 4, 5}	{2, 3}
2	GA	{VA, CA}	{CA}	{1, 2, 3}	{1, 2}
2	CA	{GA}	\emptyset	{1, 2}	{1, 2}*

Sets in **DIFF** column

$$\mathbf{INDI}: r_k \in \{|\Lambda_{Lk}| + 1, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 2, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + 3, \dots, |\Lambda_{Lk}| + |\Lambda_{Ok}| + 1\}$$

$$\mathbf{DIFF}: r_k \in \{|A_{Rk}| + 1, |A_{Rk}| + 2, |A_{Rk}| + 3, \dots, |A_{Rk}| + |A_{Ok}| + 1\}$$

\hat{r}_k	k	INDI Λ_{Ok}	DIFF A_{Ok}	INDI 90% Joint Confidence Region for Ranking	DIFF 90% Joint Confidence Region for Ranking
9	MD	\emptyset	\emptyset	{9}	{9}
8	NY	\emptyset	\emptyset	{8}	{8}
7	NJ	{DC}	{DC}	{6, 7}	{6, 7}
6	DC	{NJ}	\emptyset	{6, 7}	{6}
5	IL	{MA, VA}	{MA}	{3, 4, 5}	{4, 5}
4	MA	{IL, VA}	{VA}	{3, 4, 5}	{3, 4}
3	VA	{IL, MA, GA}	{GA}	{2, 3, 4, 5}	{2, 3}
2	GA	{VA, CA}	{CA}	{1, 2, 3}	{1, 2}
2	CA	{GA}	\emptyset	{1, 2}	{1, 2}*

Sets in **DIFF** column are subsets of sets in **INDI** column.

Theorem:

Theorem:

$$\text{If } z_{\frac{\gamma^*}{2}} \sqrt{[SE(\bar{Y}_k)]^2 + [SE(\bar{Y}_{k'})]^2}$$

Theorem:

$$\text{If } z_{\frac{\gamma}{2}}^* \sqrt{[SE(\bar{Y}_k)]^2 + [SE(\bar{Y}_{k'})]^2} < z_{\frac{\gamma}{2}} [SE(\bar{Y}_k) + SE(\bar{Y}_{k'})],$$

Theorem:

If $z_{\frac{\gamma}{2}}^* \sqrt{[SE(\bar{Y}_k)]^2 + [SE(\bar{Y}_{k'})]^2} < z_{\frac{\gamma}{2}} [SE(\bar{Y}_k) + SE(\bar{Y}_{k'})]$, then

Theorem:

If $z_{\frac{\gamma}{2}}^* \sqrt{[SE(\bar{Y}_k)]^2 + [SE(\bar{Y}_{k'})]^2} < z_{\frac{\gamma}{2}} [SE(\bar{Y}_k) + SE(\bar{Y}_{k'})]$, then

A_{Ok}

Theorem:

If $z_{\frac{\gamma}{2}}^* \sqrt{[SE(\bar{Y}_k)]^2 + [SE(\bar{Y}_{k'})]^2} < z_{\frac{\gamma}{2}} [SE(\bar{Y}_k) + SE(\bar{Y}_{k'})]$, then

$$A_{Ok} \subseteq \Lambda_{Ok}.$$

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